

LAU 39: HILLTOP ABOVE GELLI-DEG

Susceptibility to Wind and Solar development

Combined summary of landscape susceptibility

Criteria	Description	Score		
Landscape susceptibility		Low	Med	High
Scale	Large scale	Low		
Landform	Undulating plateau at top of hill		Med	
Landcover	Upland grazing with well-maintained hedgerow boundaries		Med	
Built environment	Scattered farmsteads			High
Visual susceptibility				
Skylines and settings	Undulating landscape enclosed by woodland with few prominent skylines.		Med	
Movement	Rare human activity			High
Visibility, quality of views	An exposed landscape but with limited public access, meaning views in are more common than views out.			High
Views in/out	Attractive and detractive views both in and out.		Med	
Typical receptors	Land workers and farm residents. Recreational users of the surrounding uplands.			High
Scenic quality and character	High scenic quality, moderate landscape character and high integrity.			High

Criteria	Description	Score		
Value		Low	Med	High
Landscape value (designations)	Small area of SINCR relating to heathland extending in from northern boundary.	Low		
Visual/sensory	LANDMAP overall evaluation		Med	
Historic value	LANDMAP overall evaluation			High
Habitats value	LANDMAP overall evaluation		Med	
Geological value	LANDMAP overall evaluation		Med	
Visual value (key views/vistas)	None	Low		
Aesthetic, perceptual, experiential	A moderate sense of place, perceptual qualities not recorded.		Med	

Landscape Sensitivity

Summary of Sensitivity - Wind	Assessed Sensitivity				
The assessment identifies that the landscape is of high sensitivity, the landscape character of the area would be able to accommodate development of this type in limited situations.	V Low	Low	Med	High	V High
				High	

Summary of Sensitivity - Solar	Assessed Sensitivity				
The landscape is assessed as of high sensitivity with a low tolerance to change of this type.	V Low	Low	Med	High	V High
				High	

Guidance on Siting

The following advice should be considered for renewables development within this landscape unit:

Wind turbines

- Consider using existing woodland to partially screen wind turbines from wider views.

Solar PV

- Consider using existing woodland and field boundaries to screen solar development from wider views.
- Avoid siting within SINC unless land management can be consistent with and support conservation objectives.

Any development should be subject to a detailed environmental impact assessment including landscape, cultural heritage and biodiversity as a minimum.

Landscape capacity

Total area of LAU: 95 Ha.

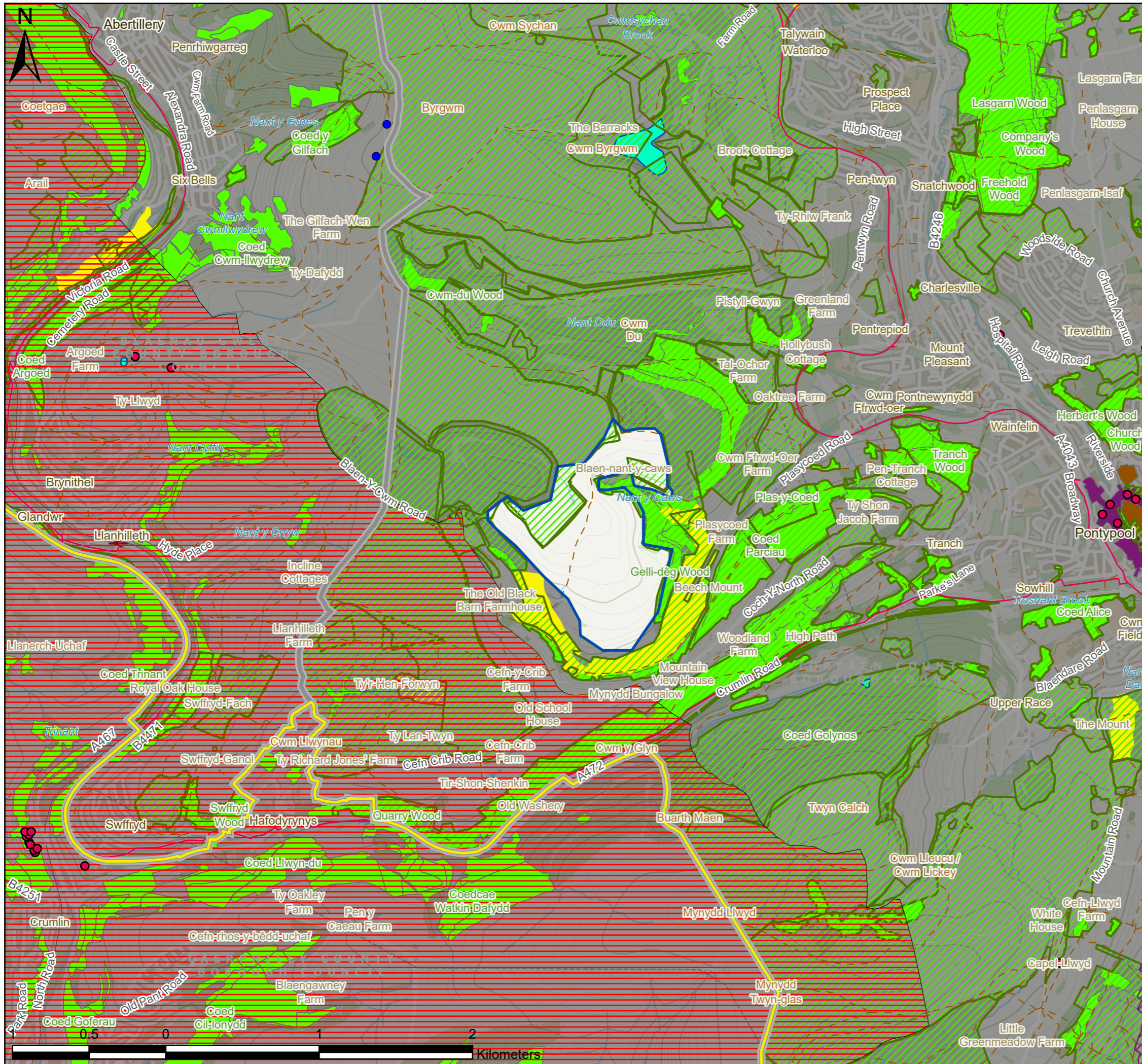
Wind turbines

There is no existing wind turbine development in the area. The area has high sensitivity to wind development. When proposing turbine development consideration should be given to existing relatively intensive productive land use and how the two uses can be combined to maintain the existing landscape character. No more than a single turbine could be accommodated in this area, and consideration given to any cumulative effects with surrounding landscape units.

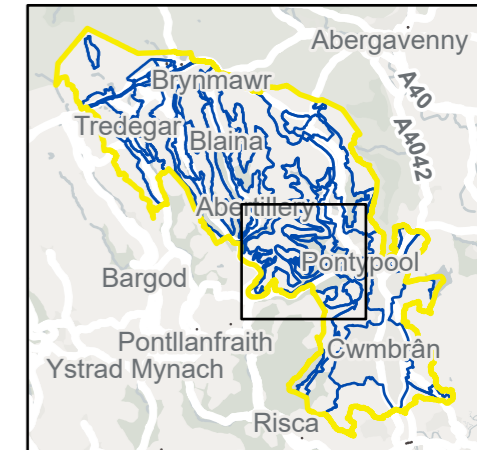
Solar PV

There is currently no solar farm development within this landscape unit. The landscape sensitivity is high. Given the small size and relatively contained character of the area, medium scale solar development may be possible, where there is not a conflict with the existing land use and following the guidance above.

For Local Landscape Constraints see Figure 7.39.1



- Existing Wind Turbines
- Listed Buildings
- ▭ Landscape Area Unit
- ▭ Study Area
- ▭ Local Authorities
- ▨ Known built development since LANDMAP assessment
- National Cycle Network
- - - BGCBC and TCBC Public Rights of Way
- ▨ Pre-Assessed Areas for Wind Energy
- ▨ Sites of Special Scientific Interest
- ▨ BGCBC and TCBC Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation
- ▨ Conservation Areas
- ▨ Scheduled Monuments
- ▨ Historic Parks and Gardens
- ▨ Local Nature Reserves
- ▨ Ancient Woodland



P3	FI	28/10/2021	Client feedback	TW	ZS	LC
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- Landscape Managers
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Figure 7.39.1
 LAU 39 Landscape Constraints (Sheet 1 of 1)

Drawing no.: 61007_DWG_F7-39-1LAU39

LAU 40: WESTERN SLOPES OF MYNYDD HENLLYS

Susceptibility to Wind and Solar development

Combined summary of landscape susceptibility

Criteria	Description	Score		
		Low	Med	High
Landscape susceptibility				
Scale	Medium scale			
Landform	Undulating hillside			
Landcover	Upland forestry and pasture with outgrown hedgerows.			
Built environment	Scattered farmsteads, Cwmcarn forest drive along western boundary.			
Visual susceptibility				
Skylines and settings	Undulating landscape enclosed by woodland with ridge forming skylines in neighbouring landscape area.			
Movement	Frequent human activity			
Visibility, quality of views	An open publicly accessible landscape largely enclosed by forestry, limiting views in and out depending on state of rotation/direction of view.			
Views in/out	Occasional attractive and detractive views both in and out.			
Typical receptors	Recreational users (open access land, roads and PRoW), land workers.			
Scenic quality and character	High scenic quality, moderate landscape character and high integrity.			

Criteria	Description	Score		
		Low	Med	High
Landscape value (designations)	Ancient woodland (PAWS) sites all along western boundary.			
Visual/sensory	LANDMAP overall evaluation			
Historic value	LANDMAP overall evaluation			
Habitats value	LANDMAP overall evaluation			
Geological value	LANDMAP overall evaluation			
Visual value (key views/vistas)	Potential intervisibility with Twm-Barlwm Mound SM on hilltop to south			
Aesthetic, perceptual, experiential	A moderate sense of place, perceptual qualities not recorded.			

Landscape Sensitivity

Summary of Sensitivity - Wind	Assessed Sensitivity				
The assessment identifies that the landscape is of high sensitivity, the landscape character of the area would be able to accommodate development of this type in limited situations.	V Low	Low	Med	High	V High

Summary of Sensitivity - Solar	Assessed Sensitivity				
The landscape is assessed as of high sensitivity with a low tolerance to change of this type.	V Low	Low	Med	High	V High

Guidance on Siting

The following advice should be considered for renewables development within this landscape unit:

Wind turbines

- Consider using existing woodland to partially screen wind turbines from wider views.
- Consider aligning windfarms with existing access roads to minimise additional infrastructure.

Solar PV

- Consider using existing woodland and field boundaries to screen solar development from wider views and seek opportunities to enhance these.
- Consider using topography to site solar development where views will be minimised.

Any development should be subject to a detailed environmental impact assessment including landscape, cultural heritage and biodiversity as a minimum.

Landscape capacity

Total area of LAU: 156 Ha.

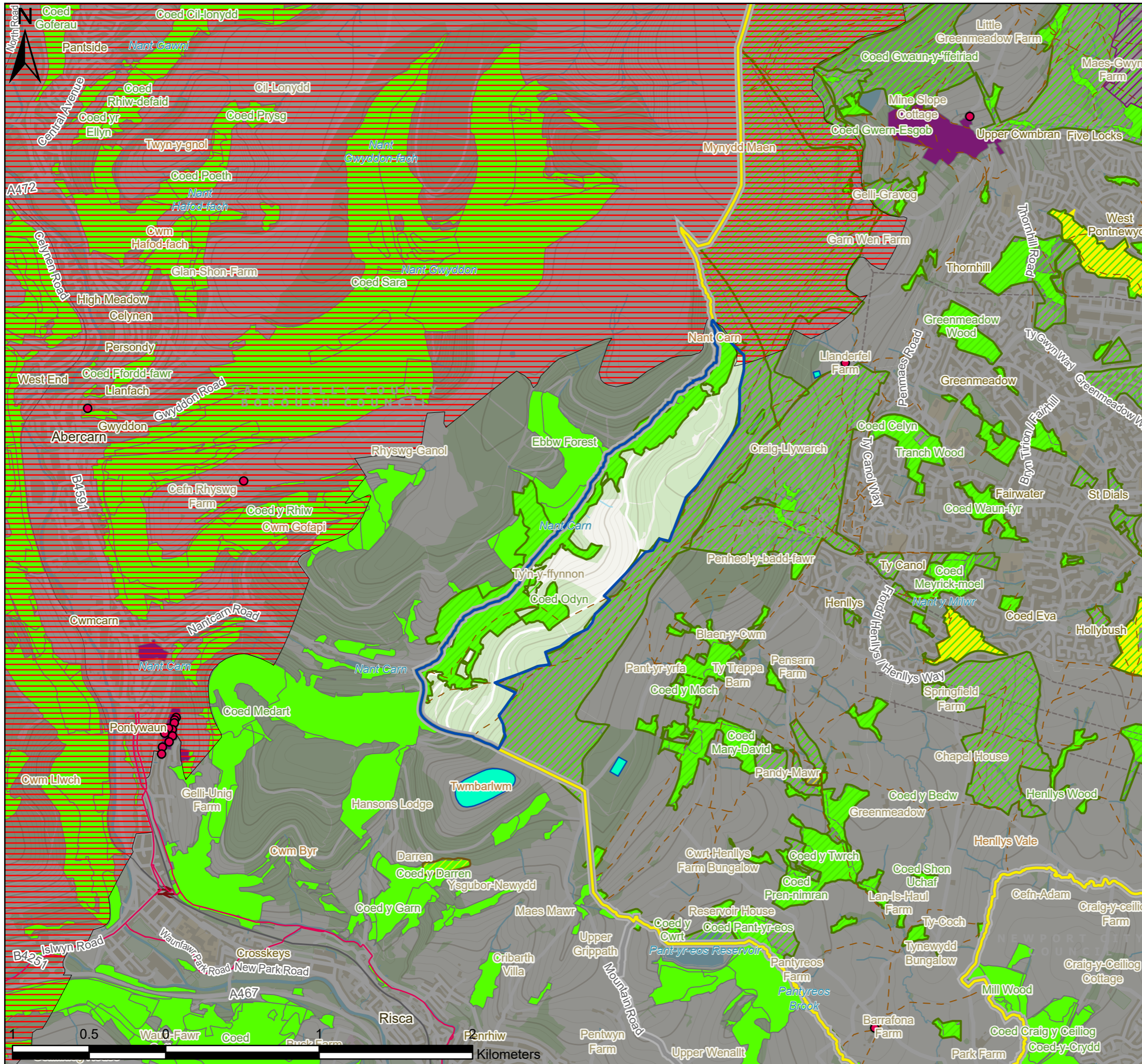
Wind turbines

There is no existing wind turbine development in the area. The area has high sensitivity to wind development. Potentially this area could accommodate a single small-scale development, where this doesn't conflict with public amenity and other land use.

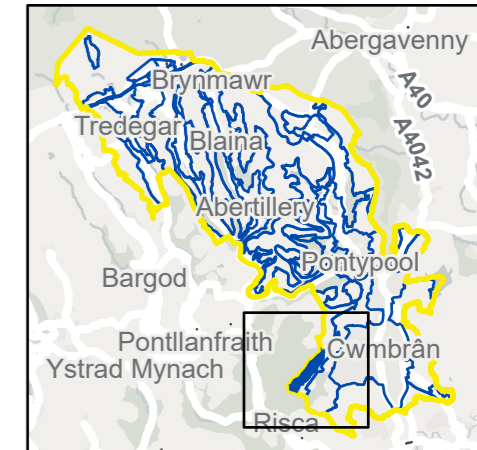
Solar PV

There is currently no solar farm development within this landscape unit. The landscape sensitivity is high. Small scale solar development could potentially be accommodated, following the guidance above.

For Local Landscape Constraints see Figure 7.40.1



- Listed Buildings
- ▭ Landscape Area Unit
- ▭ Study Area
- ▭ Local Authorities
- ▨ Known built development since LANDMAP assessment
- National Cycle Network
- - - BGCCB and TCBC Public Rights of Way
- ▨ Pre-Assessed Areas for Wind Energy
- ▨ Sites of Special Scientific Interest
- ▨ BGCCB and TCBC Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation
- ▨ Conservation Areas
- ▨ Scheduled Monuments
- ▨ Local Nature Reserves
- ▨ Ancient Woodland



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 Figure 7.40.1
 LAU 40 Landscape Constraints (Sheet 1 of 1)

Drawing no.: 61007_DWG_F7-40-1LAU40

LAU 41: PANTYGASSEG VALLEY & EDGE OF PONTNEWYNYDD

Susceptibility to Wind and Solar development

Combined summary of landscape susceptibility

Criteria	Description	Score		
		Low	Med	High
Landscape susceptibility				
Scale	Small scale			
Landform	Undulating valley side			
Landcover	Mosaic of small fields with hedgerow boundaries and woodland			
Built environment	Scattered farmsteads and small settlements. Cefn-Crib Road/ Coch-y-North Road			
Visual susceptibility				
Skylines and settings	Undulating lower slopes			
Movement	Infrequent human activity			
Visibility, quality of views	Enclosure formed by frequent boundary vegetation and topography. Views available from settlement edge of Pontnewynydd and roads on elevated ground.			
Views in/out	Attractive views both in and out with few detractive elements.			
Typical receptors	Recreational users (PRoW), land workers. Residential receptors.			
Scenic quality and character	Moderate scenic quality, moderate landscape character and high integrity.			

Criteria	Description	Score		
		Low	Med	High
Value				
Landscape value (designations)	Ty'r Hen Forwyn wetland SSSI in southern section, with SINC covering wider area. Large blocks of ancient woodland sites in northern section and along both boundaries. Listed railway viaduct crossing Nant Ddu in northern section, with SINC covering the area to the west of this.			
Visual/sensory	LANDMAP overall evaluation			
Historic value	LANDMAP overall evaluation			
Habitats value	LANDMAP overall evaluation			
Geological value	LANDMAP overall evaluation			
Visual value (key views/vistas)	None			
Aesthetic, perceptual, experiential	A moderate sense of place, perceptual qualities not recorded.			

Landscape Sensitivity

Summary of Sensitivity - Wind	Assessed Sensitivity				
The assessment identifies that the landscape is of very high sensitivity, the strong landscape character of the area would be adversely affected by development of this type.	V Low	Low	Med	High	V High

Summary of Sensitivity - Solar	Assessed Sensitivity				
The landscape is assessed as of very high sensitivity with a low tolerance to change of this type.	V Low	Low	Med	High	V High

Guidance on Siting

The following advice should be considered for renewables development within this landscape unit:

Wind turbines

- Consider aligning wind turbines with existing road corridor where the landscape is well enclosed.
- Consider using existing woodland to partially screen wind turbines from wider views.
- Respect the setting of listed viaduct.
- Avoid development in close proximity to residential areas.

Solar PV

- Consider opportunities for siting solar farms where topography will limit wider views.
- Consider using existing forestry and woodland to screen solar development from wider views. Avoid direct impacts on Ty'r Hen Forwyn SSSI.
- Avoid siting within SINC unless land management can be consistent with and support conservation objectives.
- Consider opportunities to utilise and enhance existing field pattern and boundaries to integrate development.
- Respect the setting of listed viaduct.

Any development should be subject to a detailed environmental impact assessment including landscape, cultural heritage and biodiversity as a minimum.

Landscape capacity

Total area of LAU: 405 Ha.

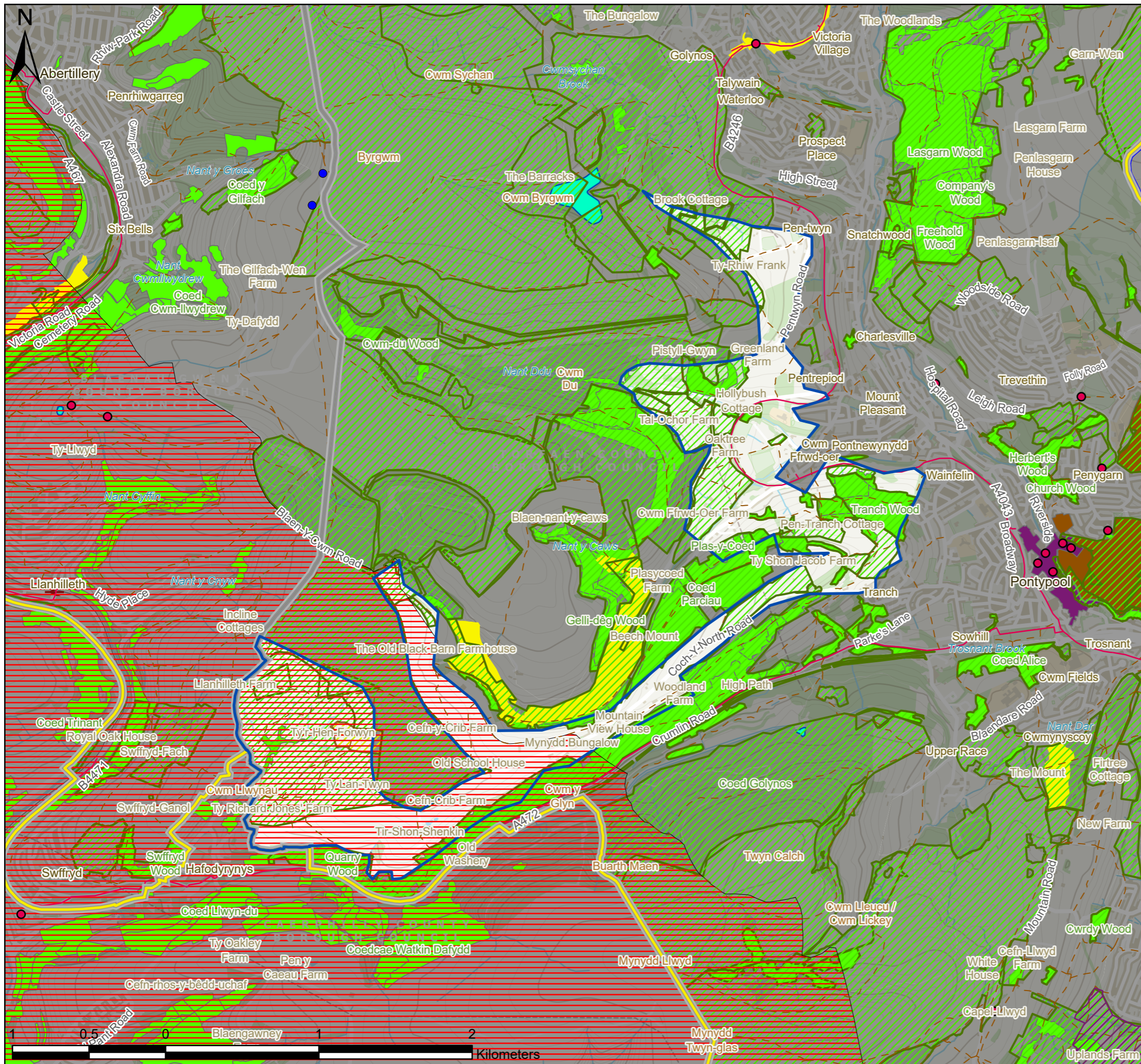
Wind turbines

There is no existing wind turbine development in the area. The area has very high sensitivity to wind development. Wind development is not recommended within this area.

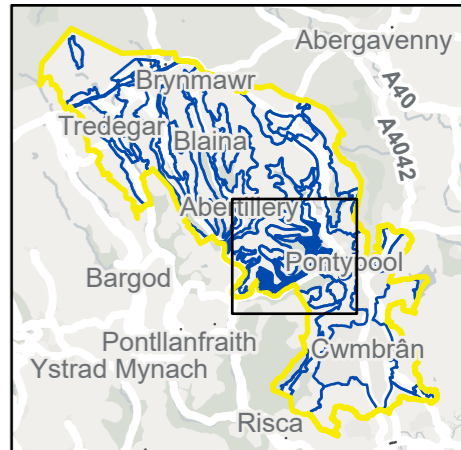
Solar PV

There is currently no solar farm development within this landscape unit. The landscape sensitivity is very high. Up to 1-2 small scale solar developments could potentially be accommodated, on separate sites to avoid cumulative effects, following the guidance above.

For Local Landscape Constraints see Figure 7.41.1



- Existing Wind Turbines
- Listed Buildings
- ▭ Landscape Area Unit
- ▭ Study Area
- ▭ Local Authorities
- ▭ Brecon Beacons National Park
- ▨ Known built development since LANDMAP assessment
- National Cycle Network
- - - BGCBC and TCBC Public Rights of Way
- ▨ Pre-Assessed Areas for Wind Energy
- ▨ Sites of Special Scientific Interest
- ▨ BGCBC and TCBC Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation
- ▨ Conservation Areas
- ▨ Scheduled Monuments
- ▨ Historic Parks and Gardens
- ▨ Local Nature Reserves
- ▨ Ancient Woodland



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Figure 7.41.1
 LAU 41 Landscape Constraints (Sheet 1 of 1)

Drawing no.: 61007_DWG_F7-41-1LAU41

LAU 43: BRITISH WORKS WEST OF TALYWAIN

Susceptibility to Wind and Solar development

Combined summary of landscape susceptibility

Criteria	Description	Score		
		Low	Med	High
Landscape susceptibility				
Scale	Large scale	Low		
Landform	Disturbed low lying land	Low		
Landcover	Historic extractive landscape with exposed surfaces in places, regenerating grassland scrub woodland mosaic			High
Built environment	Scattered farmsteads and small roads at urban fringe. Overhead power lines. Bounded to the east by railway line, now cycle path, on embankment.		Med	
Visual susceptibility				
Skylines and settings	Undulating landform		Med	
Movement	Infrequent activity		Med	
Visibility, quality of views	An open landscape with views into the valley from higher elevations, where not restricted by vegetation.		Med	
Views in/out	Attractive and detractive views out, with detractive views in.		Med	
Typical receptors	Residential receptors, from settlement edges of Abersychan and Talywain. Recreational users of NCN Route 492 and PRow.			High
Scenic quality and character	Low scenic quality, moderate landscape character and low integrity.	Low		

Criteria	Description	Score		
		Low	Med	High
Value				
Landscape value (designations)	Three listed structures and two Scheduled Monuments in the southern central part of the area relating to the historic British Ironworks. Entire site with exception of extreme northwest corner covered by SINCC.		Med	
Visual/sensory	LANDMAP overall evaluation	Low		
Historic value	LANDMAP overall evaluation			High
Habitats value	LANDMAP overall evaluation			High
Geological value	LANDMAP overall evaluation			High
Visual value (key views/vistas)	Overlooked by the Cwmbryrgwm Colliery SM to the west.	Low		
Aesthetic, perceptual, experiential	A moderate sense of place but considered unattractive.		Med	

Landscape Sensitivity

Summary of Sensitivity - Wind	Assessed Sensitivity				
The assessment identifies that the landform and visual qualities of the area would be able to accommodate a significant amount of change without affecting landscape character.	V Low	Low	Med	High	V High

Summary of Sensitivity - Solar	Assessed Sensitivity				
The area has low sensitivity to solar development, meaning it can accommodate this type of development in many situations without significant impact on landscape character	V Low	Low	Med	High	V High

Guidance on Siting

The following advice should be considered for renewables development within this landscape unit:

Wind turbines

- Consider opportunities to use local topography to partially screen turbines from wider views.
- Respect the setting of the SM and listed buildings from the British Ironworks.
- Avoid negative effects from proximity to residential areas.

Solar PV

- Consider opportunities to use local topography to screen solar development from wider views.
- Respect the setting of the SM and listed buildings from the British Ironworks.
- Avoid siting solar farms adjacent to existing settlements.

A Cabinet approved Development Plan is in place for this LAU developed in conjunction with local resident groups – any future development should take account of its recommendations. Any development should be subject to a detailed environmental impact assessment including landscape, cultural heritage and biodiversity as a minimum.

Landscape capacity

Total area of LAU: 70 Ha.

This area includes landscape well used as a recreational resource by the local communities. Development proposals should consider local sensibilities. The cultural importance of this site locally alongside conservation and recreational value suggests that development would need to respect these qualities. Utilising the western spur of the area beyond Farm Road could enable development while minimising impacts on the core area of the British works and local residents.

Wind turbines

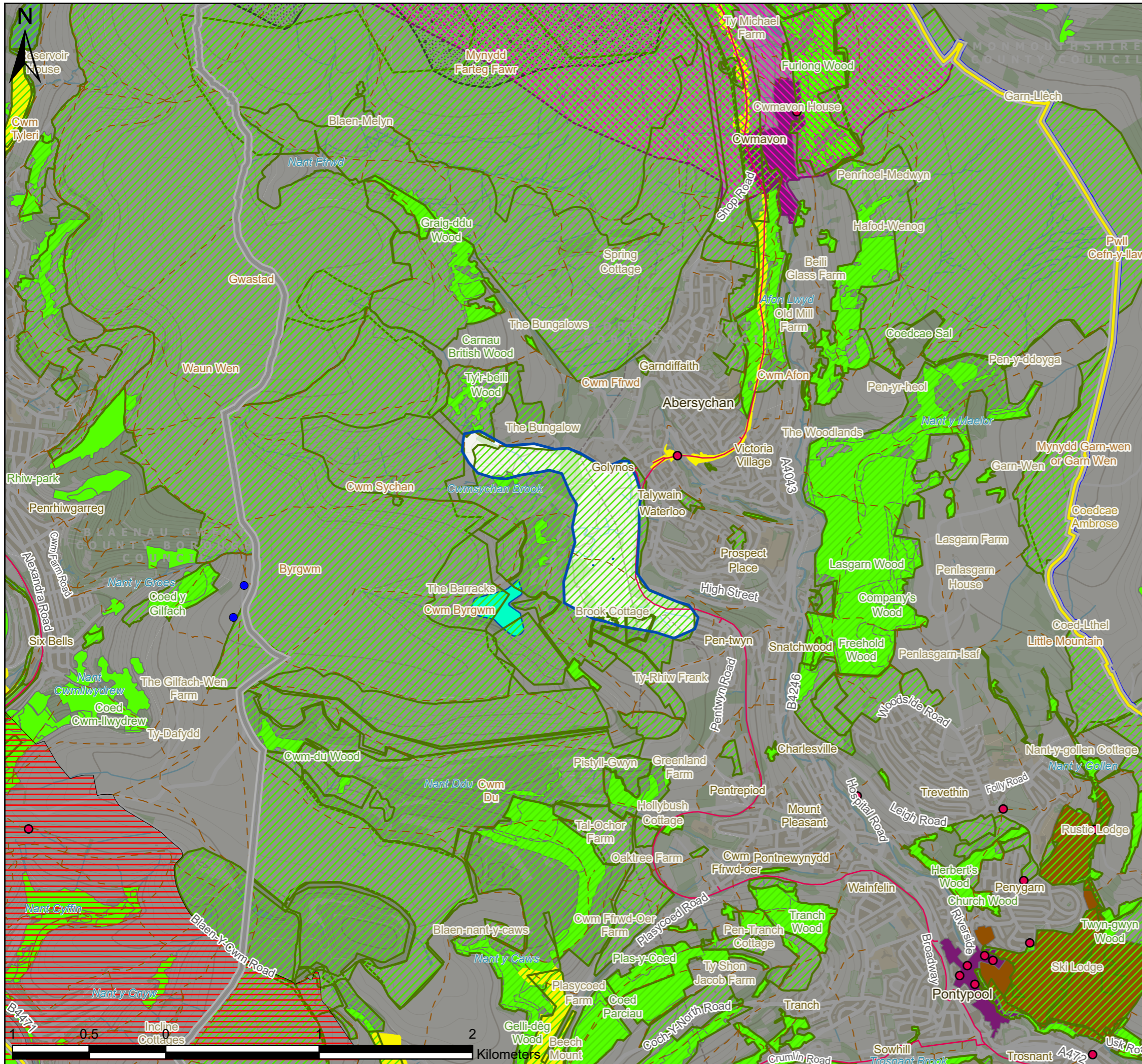
There are no turbines currently within this landscape unit. The landscape sensitivity is low.

A small to medium group of turbines may be considered within this area. This should follow the guidance on siting described above.

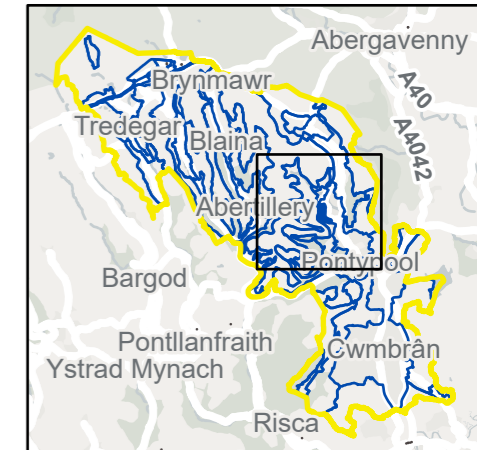
Solar PV

There is currently no solar farm development within this landscape unit. The landscape sensitivity is low. Given the relatively small size of the area, a single small-medium sized development could be accommodated by following the guidance set out above.

For Local Landscape Constraints see Figure 7.43.1



- Existing Wind Turbines
- Listed Buildings
- ▭ Landscape Area Unit
- ▭ Study Area
- ▭ Local Authorities
- ▭ Brecon Beacons National Park
- ▭ National Cycle Network
- ▭ BGCBC and TCBC Public Rights of Way
- ▭ Pre-Assessed Areas for Wind Energy
- ▭ BGCBC and TCBC Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation
- ▭ Blaenavon World Heritage Site
- ▭ Historic Landscapes
- ▭ Conservation Areas
- ▭ Scheduled Monuments
- ▭ Historic Parks and Gardens
- ▭ Local Nature Reserves
- ▭ Ancient Woodland



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 Figure 7.43.1
 LAU 43 Landscape Constraints (Sheet 1 of 1)

Drawing no.: 61007_DWG_F7-43-1LAU43

LAU 44: BRITISH WORKS ON MYNYDD FARTEG FAWR

Susceptibility to Wind and Solar development

Combined summary of landscape susceptibility

Criteria	Description	Score		
		Low	Med	High
Landscape susceptibility				
Scale	Large scale valley side with fields on flatter land.	Low		
Landform	Steep, rolling but disturbed land.	Low		
Landcover	An upland landscape with mosaic of woodland, farmland and partially reclaimed extraction.			High
Built environment	Scattered farmsteads and small rural settlement. Small access roads.		Med	
Visual susceptibility				
Skylines and settings	Undeveloped skyline, WHS in northern section			High
Movement	Infrequent activity		Med	
Visibility, quality of views	A relatively open landscape, with regenerating scrub and some hedgerow and woodland cover, particularly to west and on steeper northern slopes. Detractive views of spoil tips.		Med	
Views in/out	Good views out of area, views in from valley floor and ridges			High
Typical receptors	Residential properties within landscape unit, residents of Abersychan to south-east. Drivers on B4246 Varteg Road.			High
Scenic quality and character	Low scenic quality and integrity, with moderate landscape character.	Low		

Criteria	Description	Score		
		Low	Med	High
Value				
Landscape value (designations)	Northern section beyond Salisbury Terrace lies within Blaenavon WHS. Majority, with exception of slope at southern end, covered by SINC. This slope includes a small ancient woodland site.		Med	
Visual/sensory	LANDMAP overall evaluation	Low		
Historic value	LANDMAP overall evaluation			High
Habitats value	LANDMAP overall evaluation			High
Geological value	LANDMAP overall evaluation			High
Visual value (key views/vistas)	Northern section within WHS, views from wider WHS restricted by landform.		Med	
Aesthetic, perceptual, experiential	Considered discordant and unattractive in LANDMAP visual and sensory assessment.	Low		

Landscape Sensitivity

Summary of Sensitivity - Wind	Assessed Sensitivity				
Due to the degraded nature of this area and its low scenic quality, the assessment concludes that it has a low sensitivity to wind development.	V Low	Low	Med	High	V High

Summary of Sensitivity - Solar	Assessed Sensitivity				
The area has low sensitivity to solar development, meaning it can accommodate this type of development in many situations without significant impact on landscape character	V Low	Low	Med	High	V High

Guidance on Siting

The following advice should be considered when planning renewables development within this landscape unit:

Wind turbines

- Avoid placing turbines within WHS or where there would be intervisibility with that area.
- Site turbines away from individual residences.
- Site turbines where blade tips will not appear above the ridgeline.

Solar PV

- Consider opportunities to site solar development within existing field boundaries, or where these can be enhanced as part of the development.
- Only site solar farms within SINCs where their management can be consistent with management objectives of SINC.
- Avoid steeper slopes where solar development will be more widely visible.

Any development should be subject to a detailed environmental impact assessment including landscape, cultural heritage and biodiversity as a minimum.

Landscape capacity

Total area of LAU: 56.4 Ha.

Wind turbines

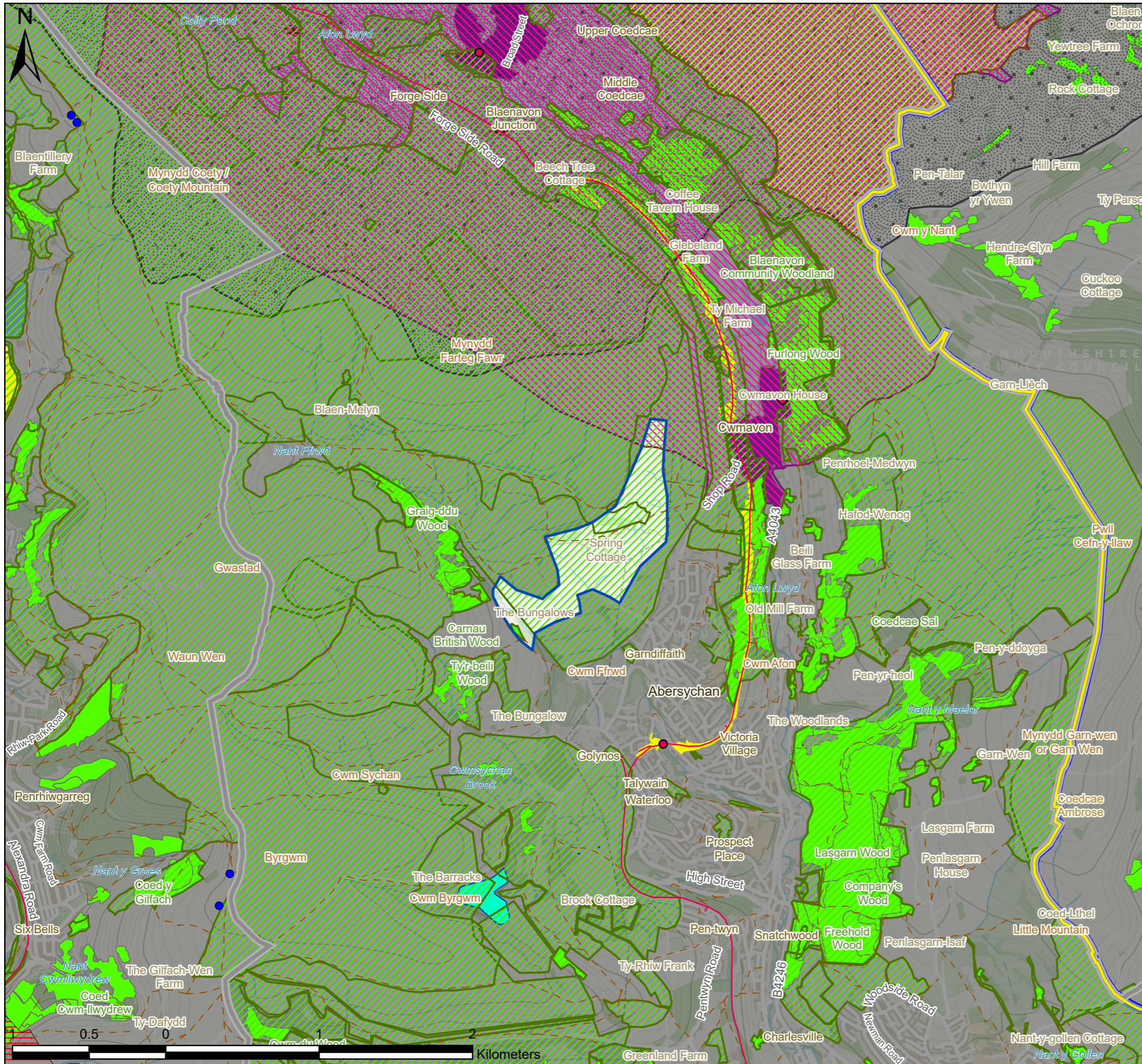
There is currently no wind farm development within this landscape unit.

The landscape sensitivity is low, indicating that it would be able to accommodate wind development with minimum disruption to existing character. However, the area is small, especially considering that part of it falls within the WHS where development should be avoided. It is therefore recommended that development should be limited to a single medium group, or two small groups of turbines, with careful consideration given impacts on residential receptors.

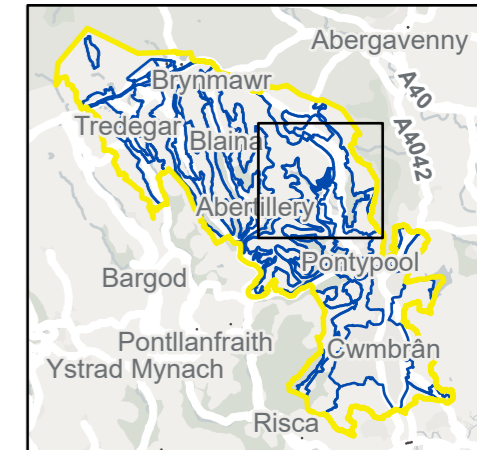
Solar PV

There is currently no solar farm development within this landscape unit. The landscape sensitivity is low. Due to the limited size of the area and practical constraints, there may only be potential to site small (<10Ha) development with suitable screening within this landscape.

For Local Landscape Constraints see Figure 7.44.1



- Existing Wind Turbines
- Listed Buildings
- ▭ Landscape Area Unit
- ▭ Study Area
- ▭ Local Authorities
- ▭ Brecon Beacons National Park
- ▭ National Cycle Network
- ▭ BGCBC and TCBC Public Rights of Way
- ▭ Pre-Assessed Areas for Wind Energy
- ▭ Sites of Special Scientific Interest
- ▭ BGCBC and TCBC Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation
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 LAU 44 Landscape Constraints (Sheet 1 of 1)

Drawing no.: 61007_DWG_F7-44-1LAU44

LAU 45: LOWER SLOPES OF VARTEG HILL

Susceptibility to Wind and Solar development

Combined summary of landscape susceptibility

Criteria	Description	Score		
		Low	Med	High
Landscape susceptibility				
Scale	Large scale	Yellow		
Landform	Undulating valley slopes			High
Landcover	Pasture with hedge field boundaries, small woodlands, reclaimed tips, amenity use at urban edge including playing fields.		Med	
Built environment	Scattered farmsteads and small-scale residential terraces, B4246 Varteg road forms eastern boundary. Pylons through southern section.		Med	
Visual susceptibility				
Skylines and settings	Low lying land without prominent skylines	Yellow		
Movement	Frequent activity	Yellow		
Visibility, quality of views	Enclosure formed by low lying landform and intervening field boundaries and woodland limits views out, with little public access. However, the area is occasionally visible from elevated land within the valley.	Yellow		
Views in/out	Attractive and detractive views out of the area		Med	
Typical receptors	Residents within the area and in Garndiffaith, immediately adjacent. Recreational users (open access land and PRow concentrated in north of area).			High
Scenic quality and character	Moderate scenic quality, landscape character and integrity.		Med	

Criteria	Description	Score		
		Low	Med	High
Value				
Landscape value (designations)	Northern section beyond Salisbury Terrace falls within Blaenavon World Heritage Site. SINC covers northern section beyond Cwm Ffrwd.			High
Visual/sensory	LANDMAP overall evaluation		Med	
Historic value	LANDMAP overall evaluation			High
Habitats value	LANDMAP overall evaluation			High
Geological value	LANDMAP overall evaluation			High
Visual value (key views/vistas)	Northern section lies within Blaenavon WHS with views across valley and to north.			High
Aesthetic, perceptual, experiential	A moderate sense of place, perceptions not recorded.		Med	

Landscape Sensitivity

Summary of Sensitivity - Wind	Assessed Sensitivity				
The assessment identifies that the landscape is of high sensitivity, the landscape character of the area would only be able to accommodate development of this type in limited situations.	V Low	Low	Med	High	V High
				High	

Summary of Sensitivity - Solar	Assessed Sensitivity				
The landscape is assessed as of high sensitivity with a low tolerance to change of this type.	V Low	Low	Med	High	V High
				High	

Guidance on Siting

The following advice should be considered for renewables development within this landscape unit:

Wind turbines

- Consider opportunities to partially screen turbines with local topography or existing woodland.
- Avoid placing turbines within WHS or where there would be intervisibility with that area.
- Site turbines away from individual residences.

Solar PV

- Consider opportunities to site solar development within existing field boundaries, or where these can be enhanced as part of the development.
- Only site solar farms within SINCs where their management can be consistent with management objectives of SINC.
- Avoid placing development within WHS or where there would be intervisibility with that area.

Any development should be subject to a detailed environmental impact assessment including landscape, cultural heritage and biodiversity as a minimum.

Landscape capacity

Total area of LAU: 66 Ha.

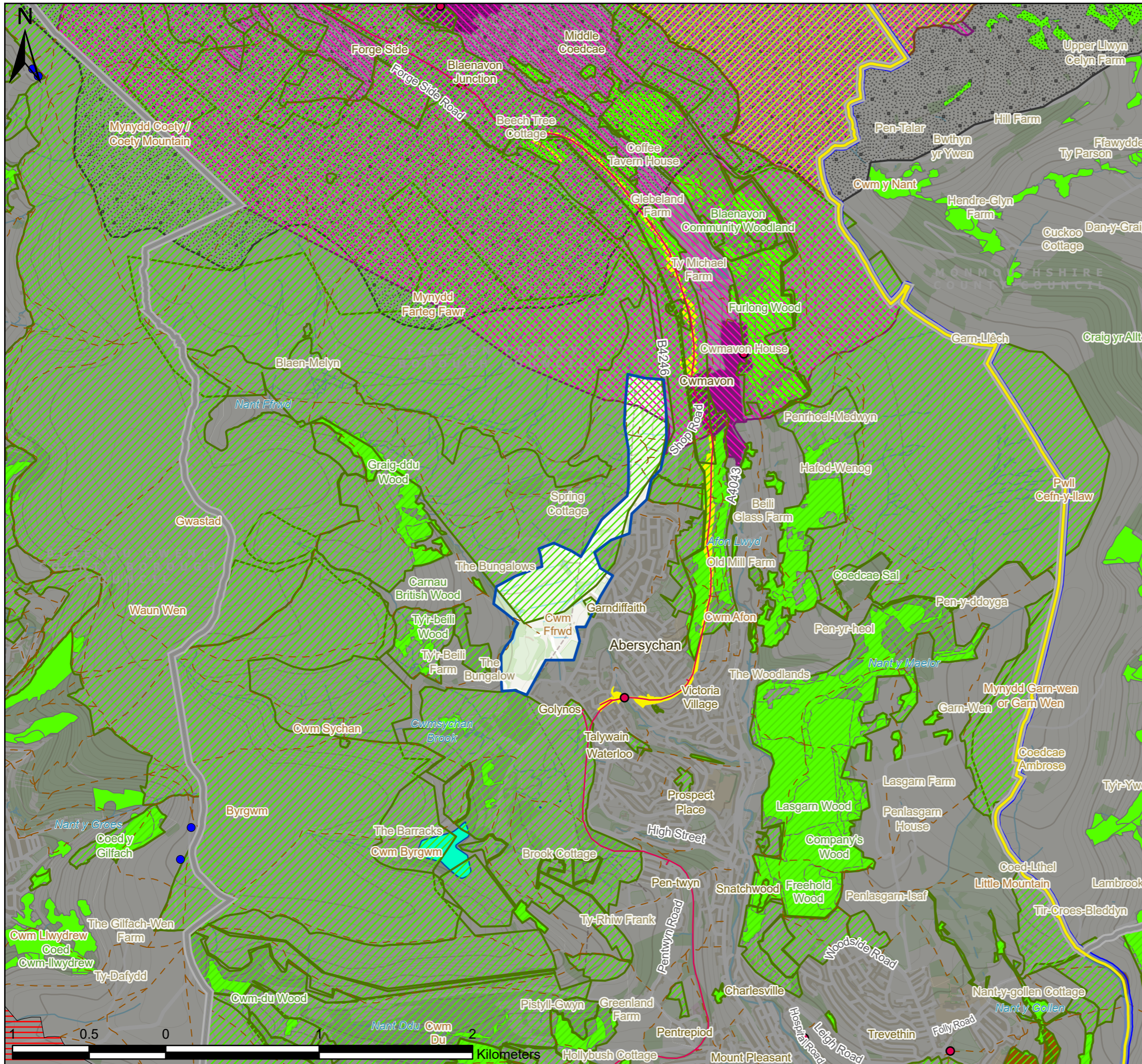
Wind turbines

There is no existing wind turbine development in the area. The area has high sensitivity to wind development. It is not recommended to site wind development in this area, given the proximity to residential settlement and the WHS status.

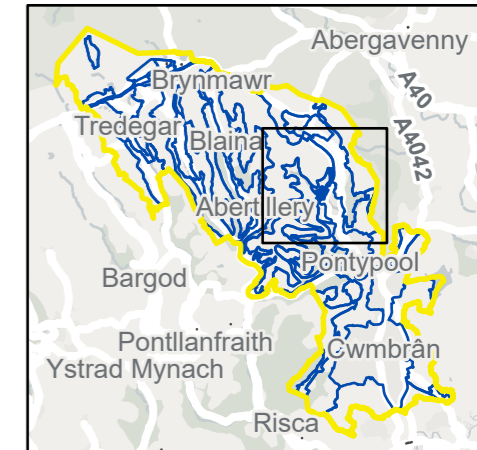
Solar PV

There is currently no solar farm development within this landscape unit. The landscape sensitivity is high. Small scale solar development could potentially be accommodated in the south of the area, following the guidance above.

For Local Landscape Constraints see Figure 7.45.1



- Existing Wind Turbines
- Listed Buildings
- ▭ Landscape Area Unit
- ▭ Study Area
- ▭ Local Authorities
- ▭ Brecon Beacons National Park
- ▭ National Cycle Network
- ▭ BGCBC and TCBC Public Rights of Way
- ▭ Pre-Assessed Areas for Wind Energy
- ▭ Sites of Special Scientific Interest
- ▭ BGCBC and TCBC Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation
- ▭ Blaenavon World Heritage Site
- ▭ Historic Landscapes
- ▭ Conservation Areas
- ▭ Scheduled Monuments
- ▭ Historic Parks and Gardens
- ▭ Local Nature Reserves
- ▭ Ancient Woodland



P3	FI	28/10/2021	Client feedback	TW	ZS	LC
P2	FI	06/07/2021	Client feedback	TW	ZS	LC
P1	S3	10/06/2021	First issue	TW	ZS	LC
V.	S.	Date	Description	B.	C.	A.

• Environmental Consultants
 • Planners
 • Landscape Architects
 • Landscape Managers
 • Urban Designers
 • Ecologists



10 Park Grove, Cardiff, CF10 3BN • 02920 228966 • admin@tacp.co.uk

Blaenau Gwent and Torfaen County Borough Councils
Sensitivity and Capacity Study for Renewable Energy Development

Figure 7.45.1
 LAU 45 Landscape Constraints (Sheet 1 of 1)

Drawing no.: 61007_DWG_F7-45-1LAU45